PyLith Modeling Tutorial Spontaneous Rupture via Fault Friction

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Concepts Covered in this Session

- PyLith simulations with spontaneous fault rupture
 - Quasi-static simulations
 - Dynamic simulations
- Fault constitutive models
 - Static friction
 - Slip-weakening
 - Dieterich-Ruina rate-state friction w/ageing law
- Nonlinear solver parameters
- Absorbing boundaries in dynamic simulations
- Time-dependent Dirichlet BC
- Initial and time-dependent fault traction perturbations



Fault Interface

Fault tractions couple deformation across interface





• Tractions on fault surface are analogous to boundary tractions

• Relationship between slip and relative displacement

$$\int_{S_{f}} \vec{\phi} \cdot (\underbrace{\vec{d}}_{S_{f}} - \underbrace{(\vec{u}_{+} - \vec{u}_{-})}_{\text{Slip}} dS = 0$$



Fault constitutive model places constraints on Lagrange multipliers

• Shear components of Lagrange multipliers limited by fault constitutive model

$$I_{shear} \leq T_{friction}$$
 (1)

• Fault friction depends on cohesion, coefficient of friction, and normal traction

$$T_{friction} = \left\{ egin{array}{c} T_{cohesion} - \mu_f T_{normal} & T_{normal} \leq 0 \ T_{cohesion} & T_{normal} > 0 \end{array}
ight.$$
 (2)

• Compression \Rightarrow no interpenetation, opening \Rightarrow free surface

$$T_{normal} u_{normal} = 0 \tag{3}$$



- Perform nonlinear iteration assuming no additional slip
- Check to see if fault constitutive model is satisfied
- If not satisfied, estimate slip required to reduce traction
 - Extract subset of system associated with the fault

$$\begin{pmatrix} \overline{K}_{n^+n^+} & 0 & \overline{L}_{p}^{\mathsf{T}} \\ 0 & \overline{K}_{n^-n^-} & -\overline{L}_{p}^{\mathsf{T}} \\ \overline{L}_{p} & -\overline{L}_{p} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \vec{u}_{n^+} \\ \vec{u}_{n^-} \\ \vec{l}_{p} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \vec{b}_{n^+} \\ \vec{b}_{n^-} \\ \vec{b}_{p} \end{pmatrix}$$
(4)

- Perturb Lagrange multipliers to satisfy friction criterion
- Inner solve to get slip producing Lagrange multiplier perturbation

$$\overline{K}_{n^+n^+} \cdot \partial \vec{u}_{n^+} = -\overline{L}_{\rho}^T \cdot \partial \vec{l}_{\rho}, \qquad (5)$$

$$\overline{K}_{n^-n^-} \cdot \partial \vec{u}_{n^-} = \overline{L}_p^T \cdot \partial \vec{l}_p, \tag{6}$$

$$\partial \vec{d}_{p} = \partial \vec{u}_{n^{+}} - \partial \vec{u}_{n^{-}}.$$
 (7)





- Change meaning of Lagrange multiplier for fault friction
- Recompute Jacobian when switching from locked to sliding
- No "friction sensitivity" solve required
- Much faster convergence in nonlinear solve



Friction and Nonlinear Solver Parameters

Solver tolerances are very important

- Dynamic (spontaneous rupture) fault has a zero_tolerance parameter
- Linear solver must converge to tighter tolerance than fault zero_tolerance for fault to "lock"
 - ksp_rtol Set to very small value to force absolute convergence
 - $\mathtt{ksp_atol}$ Must be smaller than fault <code>zero_tolerance</code>
- Nonlinear solver tolerance should not be smaller than fault zero_tolerance

 - snes_atol Must be larger than fault zero_tolerance



Friction and Nonlinear Solver Parameters

Parameters from a typical example (see examples)

```
[pylithapp.problem.interfaces.fault]
zero_tolerance = 1.0e-11
```

```
[pylithapp.petsc]
# Linear solver tolerances
ksp_rtol = 1.0e-20
ksp_atol = 1.0e-12
```

```
# Nonlinear solver tolerances
snes_rtol = 1.0e-20
snes_atol = 1.0e-10
```

```
# Set preconditioner for friction sensitivity solve
friction_pc_type = asm
friction_sub_pc_factor_shift_type = nonzero
```



PyLith contains some of the more popular fault constitutive models

Static Slip-Weakening	Constant coefficient of friction Friction decreases with slip to a lower limit
Time-weakening	model
Rate-State	Dieterich-Ruina rate-state friction with ageing law

Some additional, less popular, fault-constitutive models with combinations of slip-weakening and time-weakening are available for use in the SCEC Dynamic Rupture benchmarks.



Coefficient of friction

$$\mu_f = \mu_{\text{static}} \tag{8}$$

- Slip continues once threshold shear traction is reached
- No stick-slip behavior
- Generally only used in static simulations



Slip-Weakening Friction

Fault weakens with slip until it reaches a lower limit





Time-Weakening Friction

Fault weakens with time until it reaches a lower limit





Rate-State Friction with Ageing Law

Dieterich-Ruina rate-state friction with ageing evolution law

$$\mu_{f} = \begin{cases} \mu_{0} + a \ln(\frac{V}{V_{0}}) + b \ln(\frac{V_{0}\theta}{L}) & V \geq V_{linear} \\ \mu_{0} + a \ln(\frac{V_{linear}}{V_{0}}) + b \ln(\frac{V_{0}\theta}{L}) - a(1 - \frac{V}{V_{linear}}) & V < V_{linear} \\ (11) \\ \frac{d\theta}{dt} = 1 - \frac{V\theta}{L} \\ \frac{1}{10^{10}} & \frac{1}{10^{10}}$$

Overview of principal components

FaultCohesiveDyn FrictionModel TractPerturbation

SolverNonlinear

Fault object for spontaneous rupture Fault constitutive model Prescribed spatial and/or temporal variation in fault tractions Quasi-static simulations with spontaneous rupture require nonlinear solver



Spontaneous Rupture Parameters

Example of fault parameters in a .cfg file

```
[pylithapp.timedependent.interfaces]
fault = pylith.faults.FaultCohesiveDyn
```

```
[pylithapp.timedependent.interfaces.fault]
friction = pylith.friction.StaticFriction
friction.label = Static friction
```

friction.db_properties = spatialdata.spatialdb.UniformDB
friction.db_properties.label = Static friction
friction.db_properties.values = [friction-coefficient,cohesion]
friction.db_properties.data = [0.6,0.0*Pa]

```
traction_perturbation = pylith.faults.TractPerturbation
[pylithapp.timedependent.interfaces.fault.traction_perturbation]
db_initial = spatialdata.spatialdb.SimpleDB
db_initial.label = Initial fault tractions
db_initial.iohandler.filename = spatialdb/tractions.spatialdb
```

Static and Quasi-static Spontaneous Ruptures

Fault slips in response to loading from boundaries

Files are in examples/3d/hex8

Step10 Static simulation, static friction w/o slip
Step11 Static simulation, static friction w/slip
Step12 Quasi-static simulation, static friction w/slip
Step13 Quasi-static simulation, slip-weakening w/stick-slip
Step14 Quasi-static simulation, rate-state w/stick-slip

pylith step10.cfg







examples/3d/hex8

Examples





examples/3d/hex8

Examples

Fault slips in reponse to prescribed tractions

Files are in examples/bar_shearwave/quad4

spontaneousrup_staticfriction Static friction
spontaneousrup_slipweakening Slip-weakening
spontaneousrup_ratestateageing Rate-state w/ageing law

pylith spontaneousrup.cfg spontaneousrup_staticfriction.cfg



Prescribed Traction Loads Fault

Dynamic simulation w/initial & temporal traction perturbation



